LECTURE V.

INORGANIC AND MINERAL CHEMISTRY: SERIALS

- A. Serials containing original papers, general.
- B. Serials, abstract and review, general.
- C. Special serials, on minerals, metals, ores, alloys, etc.
- A. Zeitschrift für anorganische chemie (und all\(\psi\) gemeine, now in title since 1914), 1892 to date, founded to rescue the papers on inorganic from being submerged in the organic ones. Annual index in final volume for each year (3 or 4). Collective index, v. 1-50.

More general and containing some abstracts, are Journal of the society of chemical industry, 1882-, Zeitschrift für angewandte chemie, 1887 , Journal of industrial and engineering chemistry 1909-, (has only a few abstracts, chiefly of U. S. and State publications), and Chemical and metallurgical engineering (fourth variation of title). 1902 to date. The last is particularly electrochemical.

B. For abstracts and reviews, use those noted on page 49, under reference literature. For some subjects, add Jahresbericht (Wagner) 1855 to date.

Current prices for metals, etc., are found in Jour. of ind. and eng'g chem., in Chem. and met. eng'r, and in Engineering and mining journal, (mining, ores, etc.)

C. Special serials.

Metallurgy

In German, the former Metallurgie is now two, Ferrum, and Metall und erz, the latter for all non-ferrous ores and metals.

In French, La Metallurgie, weekly, is a trade paper, rather than a scientific one; Revue de metallurgie, leans to metallography strongly, particularly for iron and steel.

The Italian La metallurgia italiana, includes material as from both the French ones.

Metallography

Here the Metallographist became the Iron and steel magazine, and was then merged in what is now Chemical and metallurgical engineering. Similar material is in the Journal of the Institute of metals (English) and the Transactions of the American Institute of metals (now a part of the Bulletin of the American Institute of mining and metllurgical engineers), and in the Internationale Zeitschrift für Metallographie (here in part).

Mining and Minerals

Bulletins and Technologic papers of the U. S. Bureau of mines.

Bulletins of the U. S. and various State Geological surveys, have much of interest to chemists; the U. S. Geological survey.

Mineral resources of the U. S. is good, but slow in publication.

Engineering and mining journal has valuable material, with a timely summary in February. The Mineral Industry, is an annual statistical and descriptive volume, an outgrowth from the preceding one, and has no rival.

Alloys

Here are some very practical serials, The Brass world, and, a little more inclusive in scope, The Metal Industry, while most of the literature upon metallography takes up alloys, from the scientific standpoint.

Iron and steel

For this field alone there are a number of serials, Stahl und eisen (German), Journal of the iron and steel institute, Bulletins and reports of the American iron and steel association, Eisen-zeitung, and Ferrum.

Publications of the International and the American societies for testing materials deal with the metals as well as other structural materials.

The bibliographies, given in Abegg, and in Gmelin-Kraut Ed. 7, form good starting points with fairly complete lists down to their dates, of the important papers and books.

LECTURE VI.

SUMMARY OF THE HISTORY OF CHEMISTRY WITH REFERENCES

During the ancient period, we find a gradual accumulation of facts about substances and processes, use of materials, and a number of very important discoveries, made in part seemingly, by accident. Means of record, however were tew, there was no general wish to share knowledge and the loss of valuable information was the result. Theory was neglected, so far as we know at present.

In the period of alchemy, chemical knowledge was deliberately restricted to persons whom the teacher thought suitable, generally an apprentice or assistant who worked years before being told his master's secret methods. Wrong translation of earlier records caused men to work for transmutation of metals, with no permanent result except a few improvements in apparatus and technique.

The iatrochemists looked upon chemistry as an aid to medicine; even Paracelsus scarcely conceded it a place as an independent science, though he claimed every physician should be taught it. Here the magic "philosopher's stone" was sought to prolong life, restore health, or youth, since by means of it a universal remedy, or an elixir of youth, could be prepared. Theory here had no part. The will and the means for communicating knowledge were greater, but aside from a few isolated discoveries, soon lost, like Van Helmont's work on gases, there is not much.

The presentation of the phlogiston theory for combustion at last gave an explanation for the phenomenon that sounded plausible. When Becher had proposed it, and Stahl urged its acceptance, most men took it for truth. Authority was not to be questioned, though occasionally, some one had doubts. Not before the study of gases had progressed till Van Helmont's gas sylvestre had been rediscovered, and analyzed, and oxygen not only isolated, but named and fairly urged upon scientific men, was the phlogiston theory actually given up.

Modern chemistry dates ordinarily from Lavoisier's published paper clear-

ing up the case of oxygen. This too is the period of accurate analytical work, and a little later, of synthesis. The beginning of the enormous importance and number of the carbon compounds, with the possible derivatives and complex substances, almost divides the period dating, perhaps, from Kekulé's work upon carbon.

Later yet, the commercial side of the science grew and branched out to every industry. Then radium was discovered, giving a new chapter in theory, and lending a semblance of truth to the early idea of a universal "primitive" substance. Physical, biological, electrical divisions of chemistry appeared, and in recent years chemistry has come to be a branch of warfare, making great demands upon resources that had previously been of use only as matters of speculation. Inorganic chemistry scarcely has kept pace with the organic, but some recent studies in metals and alloys are giving it an importance that surprises the workers themselves.

The references given below, Nos. 1-4, present in about 100 pages, a concise account of the history of chemistry in English.

1. Ancient and alchemy, to 1500 A. D.;

iatrochemistry, 1500-1650.

540.9 Ramsay

or, 540.9 Moore

R 14e Essays, pp. 1-17

M78 h History of Chemistry,

pp. 1-24

2. Phlogiston, Boyle to Lavoisier, 1650-1790.

540.9 Tilden T45p2 Short History, or, 540.9 Ladenburg

or, 540.9 M 78·h

pp. I-17

L 12 E History

pp. 25-46

3. Modern, 1780-1820, Dalton to Berzelius, inclusive.

540.9 Brown

B 81 h History, pp. 313-352

4. Modern, 1820-1900, Liebig and later workers.

540.9 Thorpe

T392 Essays, chap. 16, pp. 514-553.

Suppleentary are:

1. Ancient, 540.9 Meyer

M57gE History, pp. 1-20

540.9 Brauer

B 32 h History, pp. 1-60

Later chapters in each for alchemy, iatrochemistry.

2. Phlogiston, 540.9 Moore

M 78 h History, pp. 25-46

540.9 Ramsay

R 14 e Essays, pp. 18-30.

1820-1900, Great Britain,

540.9 Thorpe

T 392 Essays, chap. 17, pp. 554-582

540.9 Tilden

T45c Chemical discoveries of the twentieth century.

also, 1880-1900

 540.9 Jones
 540.9 Moore
 540.9 Bauer

 J71n New era
 M78h History
 B32h History

 pp. 1-75
 pp. 212-252
 pp. 206-222

Work since 1900 must be read in the serials as yet, and what has been done in the most recent decade is not to be considered as settled history but as merely a contemporary account, colored to some degree by each author's personal views and environment.

INDEX, ABSTRACT, AND REVIEW SERIALS, IN ORDER OF TIME

General

1789-1870 Annales de chimie et de physique

1822-1850 Jahresbericht über die fortschritte der chemie und mineralogie (Berzelius)

1831-date Chemisches zentralblatt

1834-1870 Journal für praktische chemie

1840-58 The chemist

1841-date Journal of the Chemical society, London

1847-date Jahresbericht über die fortschritte der chemie und verwandter teile anderer wissenschaften (Liebig and Kopp)

1858-date Bulletin de la société chimique de France

1859-date Chemical news

1868-96 Berichte der deutschen chemischen gesellschaft

1879-1905 Journal of the American chemical society

1891-date Jahrubuch der chemie (Meyer)

1901-date International catalogue of scientific literature: chemistry

1904-date Chemical society, London; Annual reports

1907-date Chemical abstracts

Agricultural

1858-date Jahresbericht über die fortschritte auf dem gesammtgebiete der agrikulturchemie (Hoffman)

1872-date Zentralblatt für agrikulturchemie (Biedermann)

1859-date Experiment station record (U. S. Dept. of Agric.)

Analytical

1862-date Zeitschrift für analytische chemie

1876-date Analyst

1896-date Annales de chimie analytique et de chimie appliquée

Food

1882-date Zeitschr. für untersuchungen der nahrungs- und genussmittel (1882-90, Vierteljahrschr. d. chemie der . . .)

1889-date Experiment station record

1891-date Zeitschrift für fleisch- und milchygiene

1901-date Répertoire . . . sur la composition . . . des denrées alimentaires

1908-date Annales des falsifications et des fraudes

D.		
Ph	armaci	eutical

1830-date	Amariaan	iournat	o £	pharmacy
1030-uate	American	Journal	Οī	pharmacy

1841-date Pharmaceutical journal and transactions

1851-date American pharmaceutical association, Proceedings (Yearbook, 1912 on.)

Physical

1889-1904 Zeitschrift für physikalische chemie

1904-date Fortschritte der chemie, physik und physikalische chemie (Physikalisch-chemisches centralblatt, to 1909)

Physiological

1871-date Jahresbericht über . . . tier-chemie (Maly)

Igoo-date Zentralblatt der experimentelle medizin (Centralbl. f. stoffwechsel-u. verdauungskrankheiten, 1900-1905; Zentrabl. f. physiol. u. pathol. des stoffwechsels, 1906-11)

7902-date Zentralblatt für biochemie und biophysik (Biochemisches centralblatt 1902-09)

1916-date Physiological abstracts

Technolological

1855-date Jahresbericht über die leistungen der chemischen technologie (Wagner)

1877-date Chemiker-zeitung : repertorium 1880-1905 Technisch-chemisches jahrbuch

1882-date Journal of the Society of chemical industry

1887-1918 Zeitchrift für angewandte chemie; continued as technical section of Chemisches Zentralblatt; (Zeit. f. angew. chem. was preceded by Repertorium der analytischen chemie, 1881-87)

1914-16 Journal of chemical technology

1914-date Journal of industrial and engineering chemistry, for U. S. and State publications, chiefly.

ABSTRACT OF DECIMAL CLASSIFICATION

These class numbers include the principal classes of books on chemistry

016.5	4	Bibliography of chemistry
340.6		Medical jurisprudence
389		Weights and measures
510		Mathematics
530		Physics
	532	Liquids 533, Light 537, Electricity, 537.85 Electrometallurgy
540		Chemistry
	54 I	Theory, physical chemistry
	542	Laboratory handbook, tables
	543	Analysis
	544	" qualitative
	543.1	" of food, .2 milk, .3 water, .4 drugs
	543.5	" of poisons, .6 rock, .7 gases, .8 oils and fats

26

	543.9	" of animal body
	544	" qualitative
	545	" quantitative
	546	Inorganic chemistry
	547	Organic chemistry
	548	Crystallography
	549	Mineralogy
550		Geology
575		Evolution
580		Botany 589.9 Bacteriology
590		Zoology
ϵ_{11}		Anatomy
612		Physiology
612.0	I	Physiological chemistry
614		Hygiene, public
615		Materia medica, pharmacy
616		Pathology
620		Engineering
	622	Mining engineering
	628	Sanitary engineering
	62 8 .1	Water supply,
	628.16	1
	628.2	Sewerage work
620	628.3	Sewage Agriculture
630	630.16	Soils, chemistry
	631	Soils and fertilizers
	635.4	Feeding stuffs
	637	Dairy
640	-37	Domestic economy
'	643	Food
660	7.0	Chemical technology, manufacturing processes
	66 t	Chemicals
	662	Explosives
	663	Beverages
	664	Foods
	665	Fuel, gas, oil
	666	Ceramics, glass
	667	Dyes, paint, bleaching
	668	Soap, glue, glycerine
	669	Metallurgy, assaying
670		Manufactured articles (chemistry incidental)
	671	Metallic 674 Wooden 677 Textiles
	672	Iron and steel 675 Leather 678 Rubber
600	673	Brass, bronze 676 Paper , 679 Celluloid
690	601	Building Materials, processes, preservatives
	691	materials, processes, preservatives

698 Painting

770 Photography

920 Biography (B for lives of individuals)

925.4 Biographies of chemists (several together)

Any of the above may have the form divisions, or designations, thus: 03, dictionaries; 05, serials; 06, society publications; 09, history.

Call number consists of class number, as 546

author mark, as M72 t3Ef; M72, Molinari

t, indicates first word of title, 3 the third edition, E a translation into English, f the initial of translator's name.

LECTURE VII.

ORGANIC CHEMISTRY: BOOKS AND SERIALS

- I. Books
- A. General; 1. Comprehensive. 2. Briefer. 3. Laboratory texts
- B. Special, 1. Methods. 2. Preparations. 3. Analysis
- C. Reference, 1. Cyclopedias. 2. Dictionary. 3. Tables of data
- II. A. Serials containing original papers chiefly.
- B. Serials containing abstracts principally.
- I, A, I. The texts in English, now (1919) do not cover the ground very well. The best is Cohen's Organic chemistry, Ed. 2, in three volumes; this is rather a discussion of selected topics than a comprehensive treatise. The organic part of Roscoe and Schorlemmer, has not been revised for thirty years. The English version of the eleventh edition of Richter's Chemie der kohlenstoffverbindungen is the best of the kind.

In German, the best is Meyer and Jacobson, Ed. 2 in course of publication; Kekulé and Kolbe are similar works of nearly or quite fifty years ago. The Richter, Ed. 11, 1909-1913, 2 volumes, can be had in English too; it is less elaborate than Meyer and Jacobson.

- A,2. Here in English, there are a number of books about equal in size, and of about the same time; Cohen, Theoretical, has very small type, resembling in this Perkin and Kipping, which has more laboratory material. Clarke, Introduction, has been out of print for a year; it is less than Cohen, larger than Noyes', and easy to read. Hilditch, Third year course, takes up certain classes of compounds. Norris is about the size of Holleman, Ed. 4, but the latter gives laboratory directions. Price and Twiss, resembles Holleman, Moore is frankly elementary, and Haskins, Ed. 2, is for medical students who want a minimum; Chamberlain's Organic agricultural chemistry is for students of a special phase.
- A,3. Some of the newer ones are the latest revision of Gattermann, Cohen's Laboratory manual, Jones, Sudborough and James with photographs of apparatus used, the revised Bernthsen.